

★ **Guided Reading Activity 10-2**

**DIRECTIONS: Identifying Supporting Details** Read each main idea. Use your textbook to supply the details that support or explain each main idea.

**❑ Main Idea:** During Reconstruction, many political changes took place in the South.

1. **Detail** Southerners, particularly Democratic Party supporters, referred to Northern newcomers as \_\_\_\_\_.
2. **Detail** Some Northern newcomers sought to \_\_\_\_\_ of the war-torn region, but others hoped to find more opportunities than existed for them in the North and West.
3. **Detail** White Southerners who worked with the Republicans and supported Reconstruction were called \_\_\_\_\_.
4. **Detail** At first, African American leaders in the South came from the small number who had been \_\_\_\_\_ before the war.
5. **Detail** With formerly enslaved people making political gains, many Southerners claimed that \_\_\_\_\_ ruled the South.
6. **Detail** \_\_\_\_\_ was common in the South, and it gave Democrats another issue that would help them regain power in the 1870s.

**❑ Main Idea:** During Reconstruction, African Americans sought to establish their own thriving communities.

7. **Detail** \_\_\_\_\_ served as the center of many African American communities.
8. **Detail** Once they were freed, many African Americans wanted to get an \_\_\_\_\_.
9. **Detail** Gradually, several African American colleges opened, such as \_\_\_\_\_ in Tennessee and \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ in Georgia.

**❑ Main Idea:** Some Southerners hated the “Black Republican” governments and attempted to resist them.

10. **Detail** Unable to strike openly at the Republicans running their states, some Southerners organized \_\_\_\_\_.
11. **Detail** The third of the three-part Enforcement Acts passed by Congress in 1870 and 1871 was also known as the \_\_\_\_\_.