

**Guided Reading Activity 14-3**

DIRECTIONS: Identifying Supporting Details Read each main idea. Use your textbook to supply the details that support or explain each main idea.

★ **Main Idea:** The nation's primary interest in Asia was not conquest but commerce.

1. **Detail:** The vast Chinese markets excited American business leaders, especially those in the textile, oil, and steel _____.
2. **Detail:** In the 1894 war between China and Japan over _____, Japan easily defeated China and gained territory in Manchuria.
3. **Detail:** _____ forced Japan to give its newly acquired territory back to China.
4. **Detail:** The United States proposed an _____ policy, which would allow all countries to trade with China.

★ **Main Idea:** Theodore Roosevelt believed in a strong global military presence.

5. **Detail:** Roosevelt and others viewed the construction of a canal through _____ as vital to American power in the world.
6. **Detail:** In 1903, the United States recognized the independence of _____.
7. **Detail:** The Roosevelt Corollary to the Monroe Doctrine said that the United States would intervene in _____ affairs when necessary to maintain economic and political stability.
8. **Detail:** The United States first applied the Roosevelt Corollary in _____, which had fallen behind on its debt payments to Europe.

★ **Main Idea:** Wilson believed in “moral diplomacy” and tried to encourage democracy in Latin America.

9. **Detail:** Shortly after Woodrow Wilson took office as president in 1913, Huerto seized power in _____.
10. **Detail:** In April 1914, American soldiers were _____ in Mexico. Wilson saw Mexico's refusal to apologize as an opportunity to overthrow Huerto.
11. **Detail:** In 1916, Wilson sent General John J. Pershing to capture _____.
12. **Detail:** In 1914, Wilson negotiated exclusive rights for naval bases and a canal with _____.