Name ___

_____ Date _____ Class _____

Guided Reading Activity 6-3

DIRECTIONS: Filling in the Blanks In the space provided, write the word or words that best complete the sentence. Refer to your textbook to fill in the blanks.

- 1. The ______ of the mid-1800s stemmed in large part from the revival of religious fervor.
- 2. _____, a prominent minister, insisted that the nation's citizenry should take charge of building a better society.
- 3. One striking feature of the reform movement was the overwhelming presence of
- **4.** A number of reformers argued that no social vice caused more crime, disorder, and poverty than the excessive use of ______
- 5. New reformers energized the temperance campaign, and in 1851 Maine passed the first state _____ law.
- 6. Underlying the prison reform movement was a belief in ______ prisoners rather than merely locking them up.
- 7. New prisons, called ______, were intended to be places where individuals would work to achieve remorse.
- **8.** In the early 1800s, many reformers began to push for a system of ______ or government-funded schools open to all citizens.
- 9. One of the leaders of the public education movement was Massachusetts legislator
- **10.** In 1852 Massachusetts passed the first ______ school attendance law.
- **11.** The development of ______ and other work centers separated the home from the workplace.
- **12.** The idea that women should be homemakers and take responsibility for developing their children's characters evolved into a set of ideas known as _____
- **13.** Margaret Fuller believed that if men and women were treated equally, it would end _____in society.
- **14.** The Seneca Falls Convention marked the beginning of an organized