

★ **Reteaching Activity 8**

Sectional Conflict Intensifies, 1848–1861

Territorial expansion upset the delicate balance between free and slave states. Political compromises repeatedly failed to calm the growing tension between pro-slavery and anti-slavery groups. The rising tide of violence made it clear: There could be no compromise on slavery. Civil war became unavoidable.

DIRECTIONS: Indicate the year(s) of each event in the numbered rows. Then in the blank areas, briefly explain the relationship among the events in the numbered row above it. Answer the last question on a separate sheet of paper.



The Road to Civil War

1. a. Fugitive Slave Act (____)	b. <i>Uncle Tom's Cabin</i> (____)	c. Underground Railroad (____)
d.		
2. a. Gold Rush (____)	b. Transcontinental Railroad (____)	c. Kansas-Nebraska Act (____)
d.		
3. a. "Bleeding Kansas" (____)	b. Senator Sumner Caned (____)	c. John Brown's Raid (____)
d.		
4. a. Republican Party (____)	b. Lincoln Elected (____)	c. Confederacy Formed (____)
d.		

5. **Critical Thinking** Dred Scott took the issue of slavery all the way to the Supreme Court. Describe how his personal loss in *Dred Scott v. Sandford* ultimately helped gain the freedom of all enslaved people in the United States.