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## bulloing vocablary Societies and Empires of Africa

A. Matching Match the description in the second column with the term or name in the first column. Write the appropriate letter next to the word.
_1. Ghana
$\qquad$ 2. Almoravids
$\qquad$ 3. Mali
$\qquad$ 4. Almohads
$\qquad$ 5. Sundiata
$\qquad$ 6. Ibn Battuta
$\qquad$ 7. Maghrib
$\qquad$ 8. Swahili
a. West African kingdom that grew wealthy from the gold trade and became an empire in the 1200 s
b. first great leader of Mali
c. African language formed from a Bantu language and Arabic
d. West African kingdom that grew wealthy by taxing goods carried by traders and that became an empire by about 800
e. part of North Africa that is today the Mediterranean coast of Libya, Tunisia, Algeria, and Morocco
f. African historian who traveled through most of the countries
in the Islamic world
g. group of Berbers who belonged to a strict Muslim brotherhood founded by Ibn Yasin
h. group of Berber Muslim reformers who followed the teachings of Ibn Tumart
B. Multiple Choice Circle the letter before the term or name that best completes the sentence.

1. The city in southeastern Africa that became the capital of a thriving empire built on the gold trade between the 1200 s and the 1400 s was (a) Benin (b) Mali (c) Great Zimbabwe.
2. The Muslim ruler of Mali who expanded the empire to about twice the size of the empire of Ghana was (a) Mutapa (b) Mansa Musa (c) Ibn Battuta.
3. The West African empire that was built by Sunni Ali in the late 1400 s was (a) Songhai (b) Benin (c) Ghana.
4. The group of people who ruled city-states between 1000 and 1200 in what is today northern Nigeria were the (a) Hausa (b) Swahili (c) Mutapa.
5. The group of people who built the kingdoms of Ife and Oyo in West Africa were the (a) Hausa (b) Yoruba (c) Swahili.
6. The empire in southern Africa that was founded by Mutota to replace Great Zimbabwe was (a) Maghrib (b) Benin (c) Mutapa.
C. Writing Write a brief summary of the key features of stateless societies in Africa using the following terms.
lineage stațeless societies patrilineal matrilineal

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